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## Undergraduate Analysis and PDE Seminar

April 28, 2023  
1:30 - 2:30 p.m.  
**Zoom**

### An NLS case study: well-posedness beyond standard models

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**Abstract.** We consider a nonlinear Schrödinger (NLS) equation

$$iu_t + \Delta u + \lambda \mathcal{N}(u) u = 0,$$

where the potential  $\mathcal{N}$  can be thought of as a combination of different nonlinearities, for example,  $\mathcal{N}(u) = \sum a_k |u|^{\gamma_k}$ ,  $a_k \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $\gamma_k > 0$ . Typically, to show the existence and uniqueness of solutions, a contraction mapping argument with Strichartz estimates is applied on the Duhamel (integral) equation

$$u(t) = e^{it\Delta} u_0 + i\lambda \int_0^t e^{i(t-s)\Delta} (\mathcal{N}(u) u)(s) ds$$

on some space, for instance, a subset of a Sobolev space  $H^s$  with certain conditions on  $a_k, \gamma_k$ , initial data  $u_0$  (and time). This approach works for a power-type nonlinearity  $|u|^\gamma u$  with powers  $\gamma \geq 1$ .

In this talk, we will discuss another approach to obtain well-posedness in the NLS equation for nonlinearities that go beyond standard models, such as an infinite series of power nonlinearities. This would include an exponential,  $e^{|u|^r}$ , or sinusoidal,  $\sin(|u|)$ , potentials among various others nonlinearities. First, we discuss the NLS on the whole space and then shift the gears to consider the periodic setting. On  $T^N$  we show the local well-posedness of solutions to the NLS equation with nonlinearities that are not possible to consider on the whole space, for example, nonlinearities with negative powers:  $\frac{u}{|u|}$  and  $\frac{u}{e^{|u|}}$ .

We also construct a class of initial data  $u_0$  such that there exists a unique, local solution of the inhomogeneous NLS equation  $iu_t + \Delta u + \lambda V(x)|u|^\alpha u = 0$  on  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , where  $V(x)$  has polynomial-like behavior. In addition, we consider the periodic setting of inhomogeneous NLS, in which we find local well-posedness for every  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ . Finally, we show that this approach applies to the NLS with higher order of dispersion such as the bi-harmonic NLS.

This talk is based on research done by Gia Azcoitia, Hannah Wubben, Beckett Sanchez, Troy Roberts, Sam Kilgore, Alex D. Rodriguez, Iryna Petrenko, Oscar Riaño, and Svetlana Roudenko.