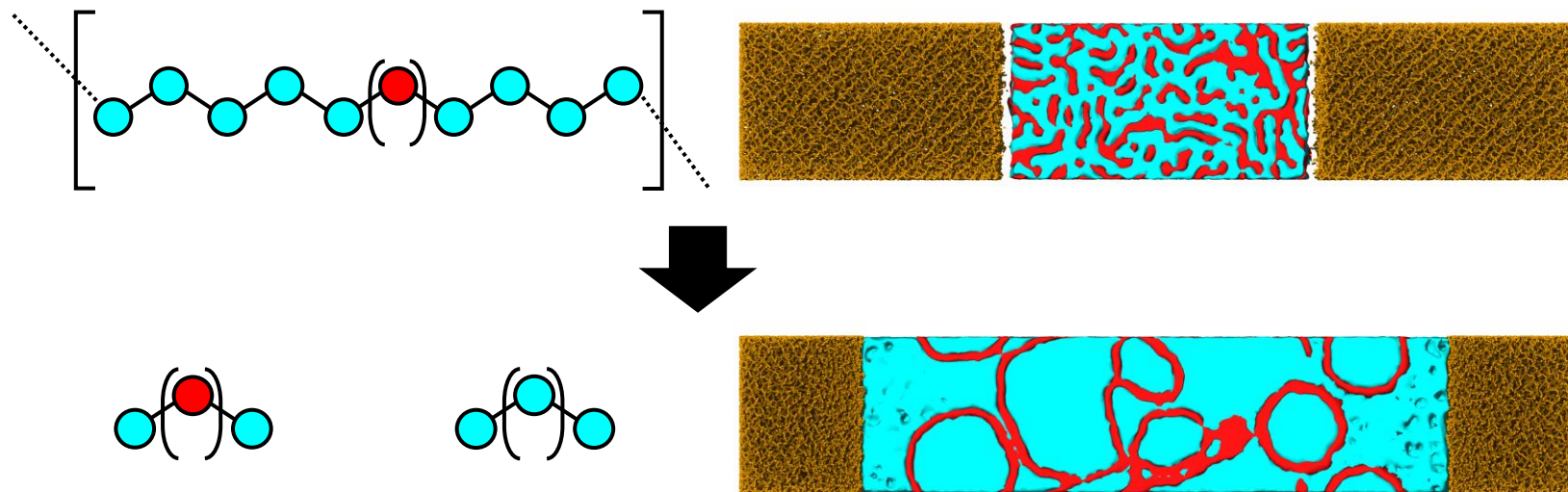




Degradation of Block Copolymer Films Confined in Elastic Media

Ryan Sayko¹, Zilu Wang¹, Matthew L. Becker², and Andrey V. Dobrynin¹

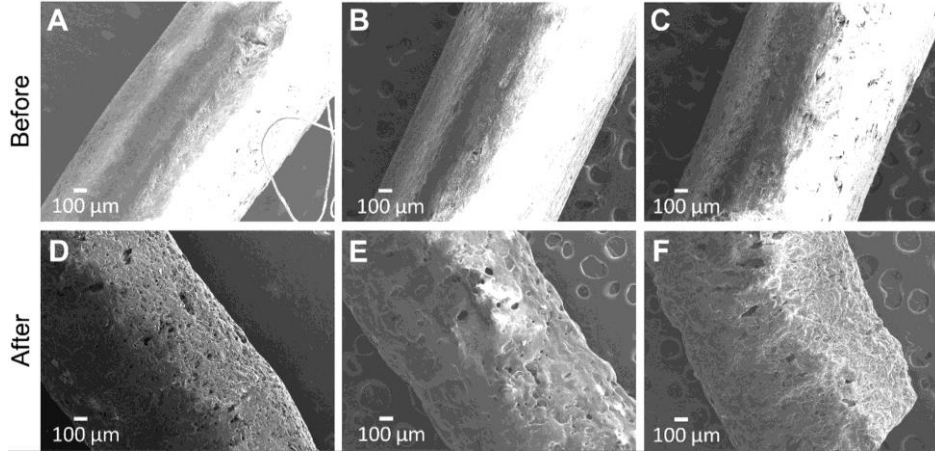


¹*Department of Chemistry, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chapel Hill, North Carolina*

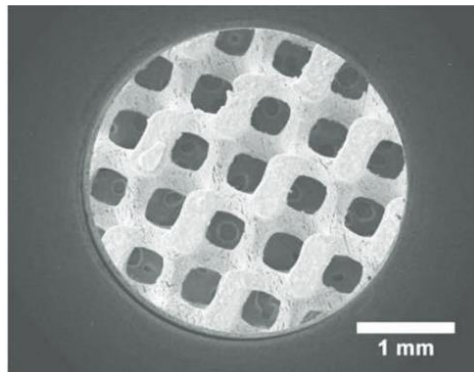
²*Department of Chemistry, Mechanical Engineering & Materials Science, Biomedical Engineering and Orthopaedic Surgery, Duke University, Durham, North Carolina*

APS March Meeting – Thursday, March 18th, 2021

Motivation: Background

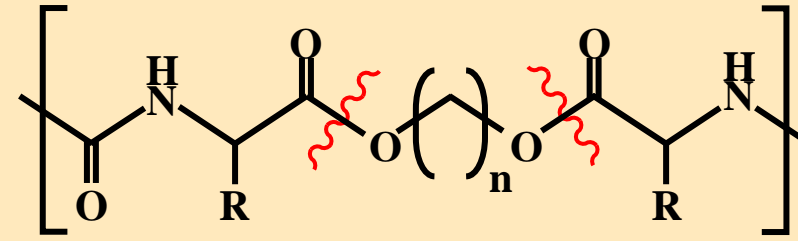


Abel, A. et al, *Biomacromolecules*. **2020**, 2, 946-954.



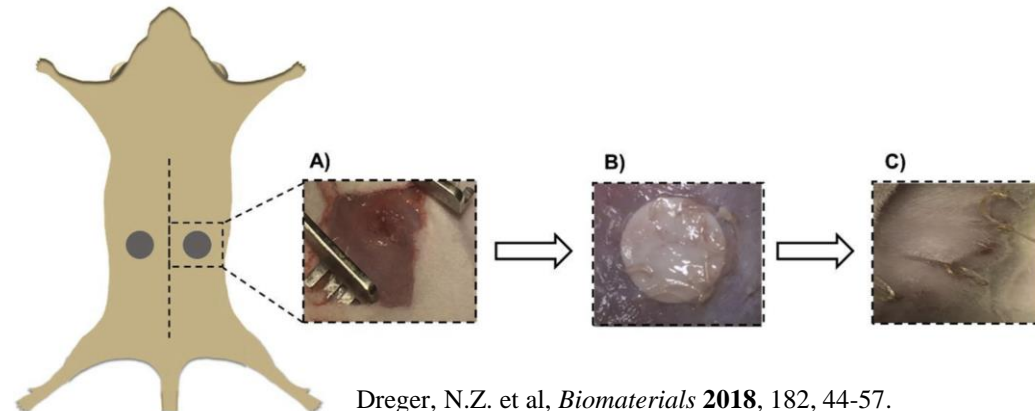
Nettleton, K. et al, *Adv. Healthcare Mater.* **2019**, 8, 1900646.

Poly(ester urea)



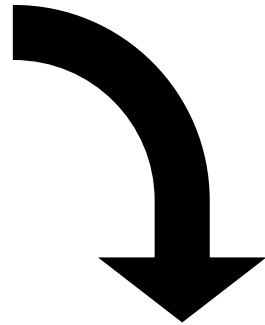
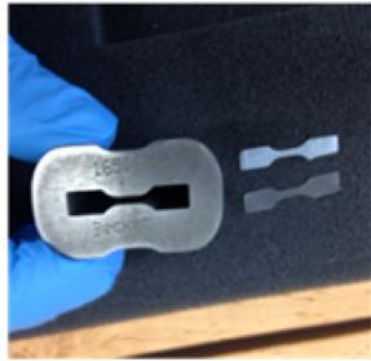
R: Amino Acid Group

- Tunable mechanical properties
- Adhesion
- Tunable drug release
- Nontoxic degradation products
- Shape memory performance

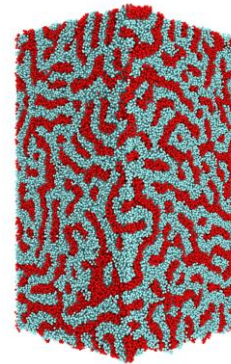


Dreger, N.Z. et al, *Biomaterials* **2018**, 182, 44-57.

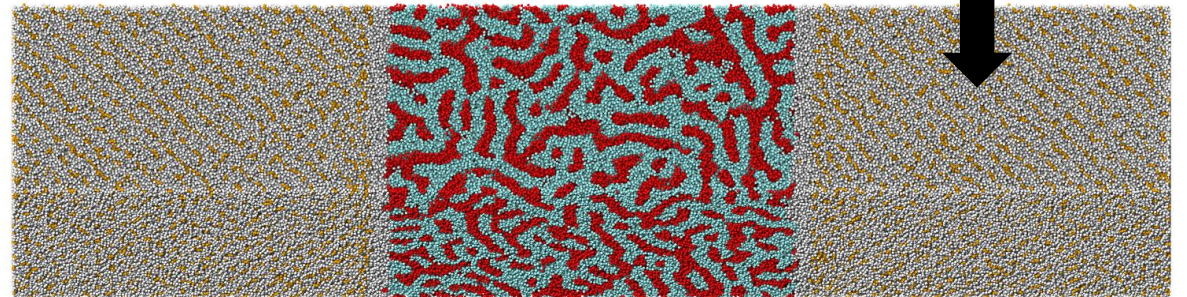
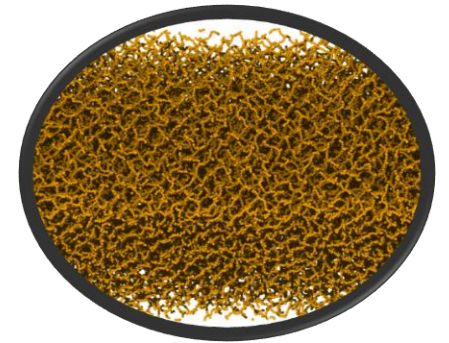
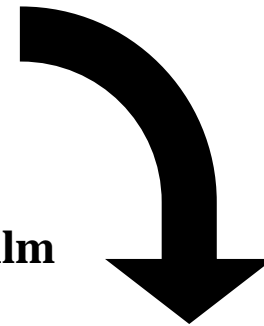
System Overview: Mapping Experiment to Simulation



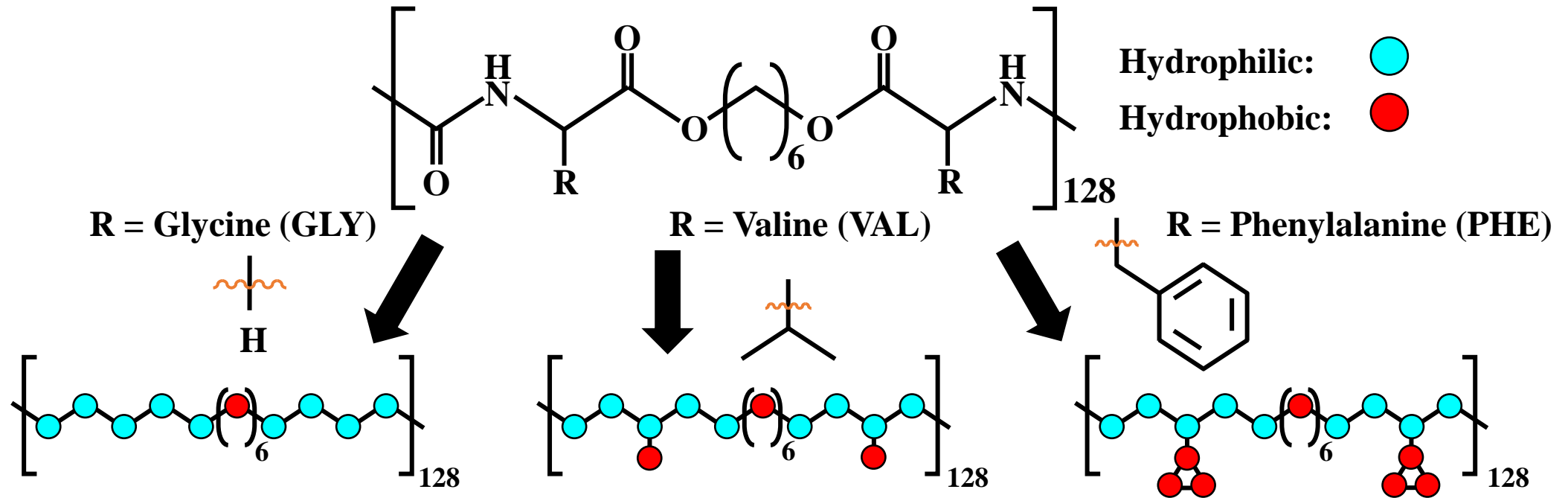
Polymer Insertion



Copolymer Film



Coarse-Grained Model of Poly(ester urea), Simulation Details



Truncated Shifted Lennard-Jones potential:

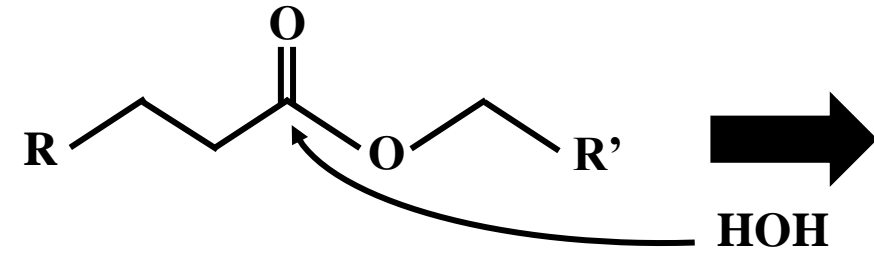
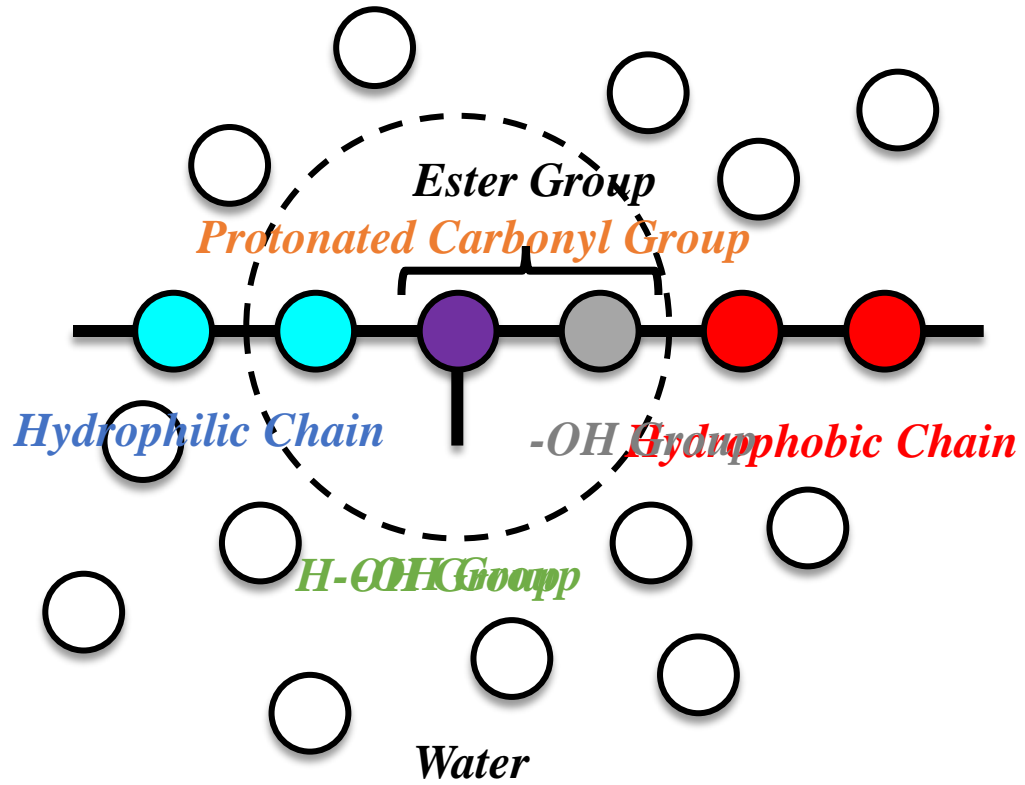
$$U_{LJ}(r) = \begin{cases} 4\varepsilon_{LJ} \left[\left(\frac{\sigma}{r}\right)^{12} - \left(\frac{\sigma}{r}\right)^6 - \left(\frac{\sigma}{r_{cut}}\right)^{12} + \left(\frac{\sigma}{r_{cut}}\right)^6 \right] & r \leq r_{cut} \\ 0 & r > r_{cut} \end{cases}$$

FENE Bond potential:

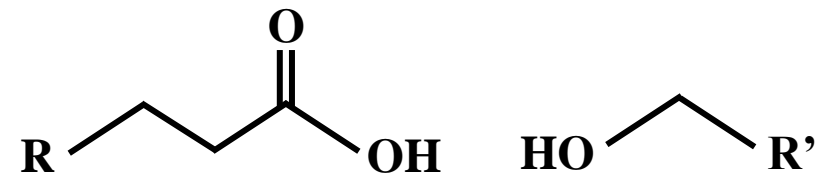
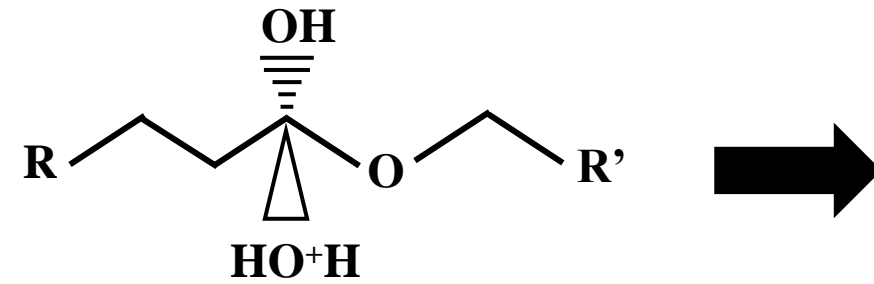
$$U_{FENE} = -0.5kR_{max}^2 \ln \left[1 - \left(\frac{r}{R_{max}} \right)^2 \right] + 4\varepsilon \left[\left(\frac{\sigma}{r} \right)^{12} - \left(\frac{\sigma}{r} \right)^6 \right] + \varepsilon$$

Pair Interaction Type	Interaction
Hydrophilic-Water	Strongly Attractive
Same bead types	Weakly Attractive
Network-Water	
Hydrophilic-Network	Repulsive
Hydrophobic-Water	
Hydrophobic-Hydrophilic	
Hydrophobic-Network	

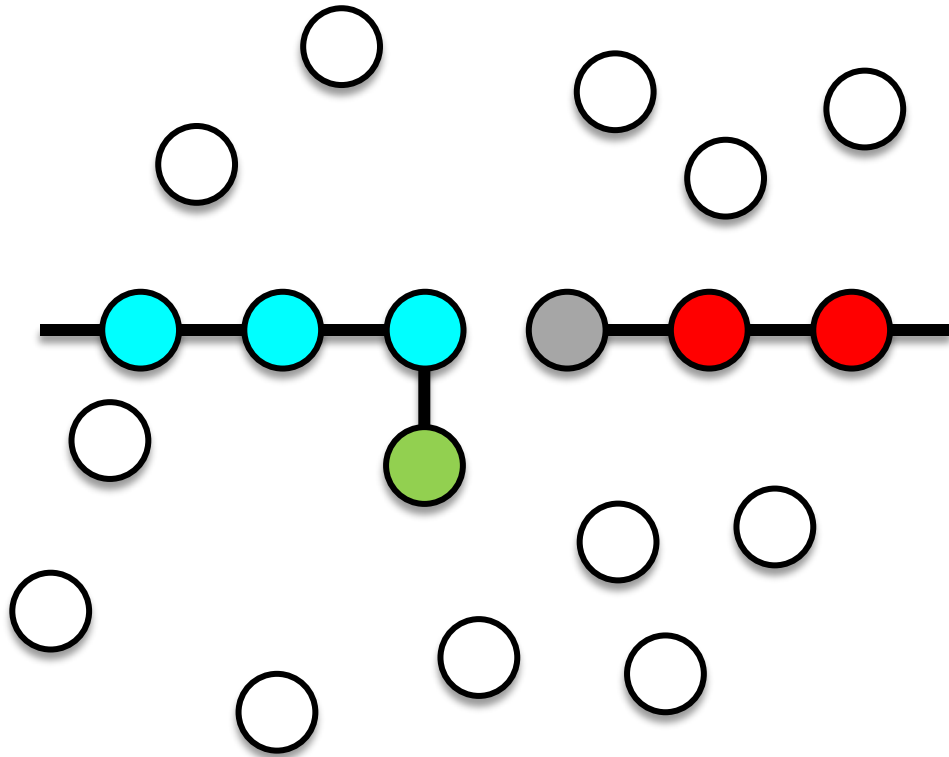
Degradation Algorithm



Transition State



Degradation Algorithm



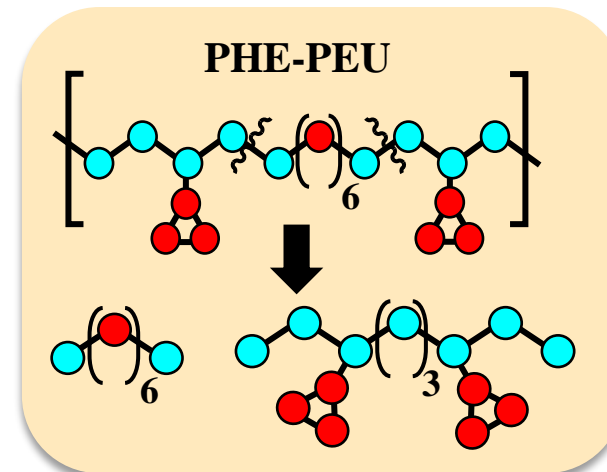
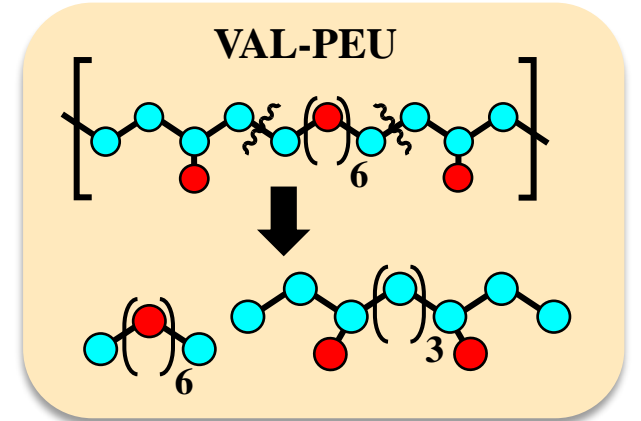
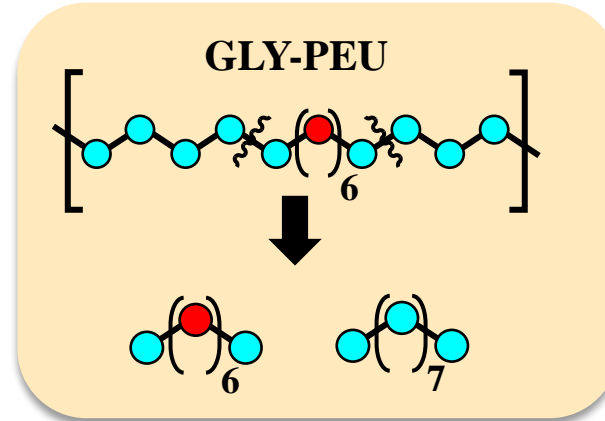
Degradation Rate:

$$\lambda = P_{form} P_{break} \alpha$$

$$P_{form} = 0.01$$

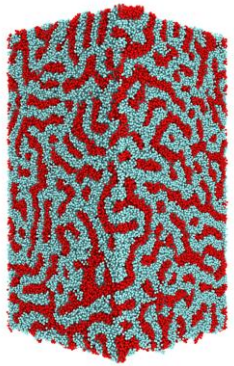
$$P_{break} = 1.0$$

$$\alpha = 0.2\tau_{LJ}^{-1}$$

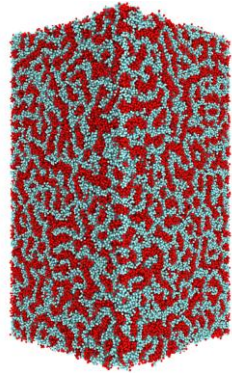


The bond-forming process is the rate-limiting step of degradation

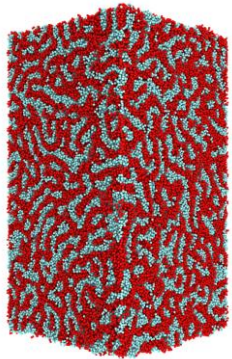
System Overview



GLY-PEU Film

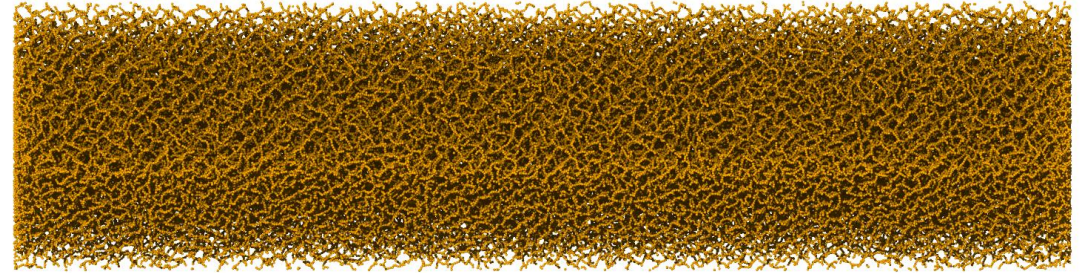


VAL-PEU Film

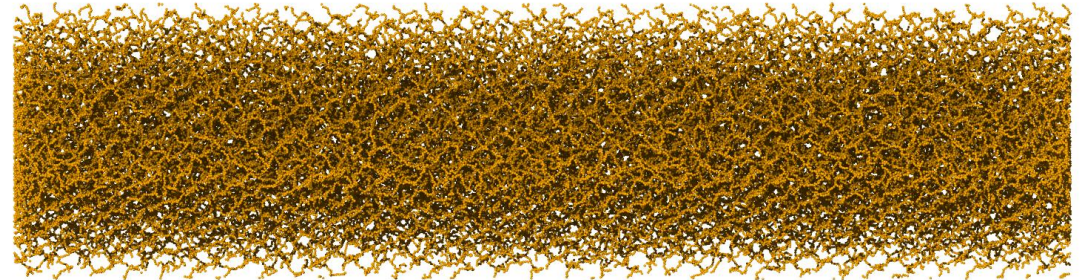


PHE-PEU Film

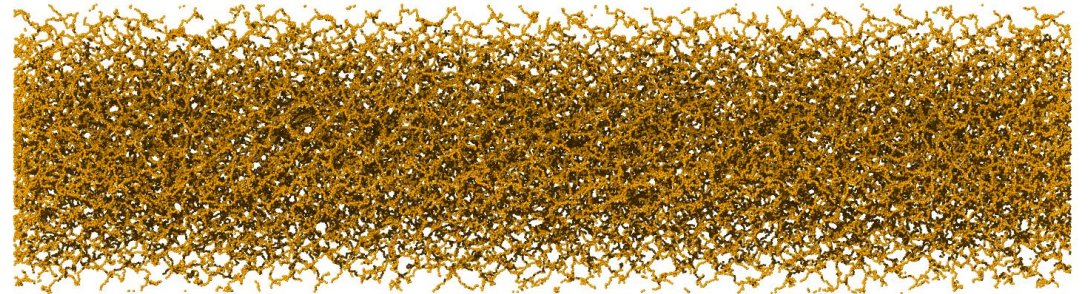
$N = 6$



$N = 10$



$N = 14$

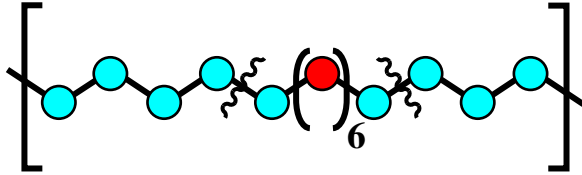


N : Degree of Polymerization of network strands

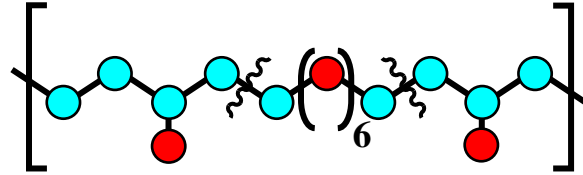
Angle potential: $U_{angle} = 1.5k_B T [1 - \cos(\theta - \theta_0)]$ ⁷

Polymer Swelling and Degradation

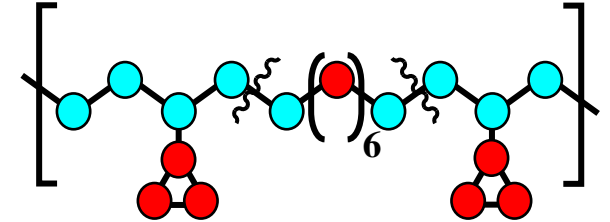
GLY-PEU



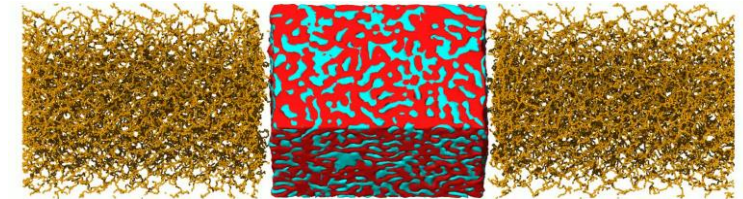
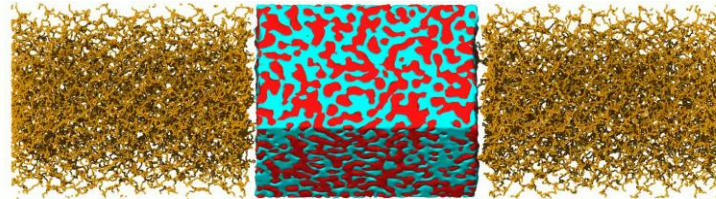
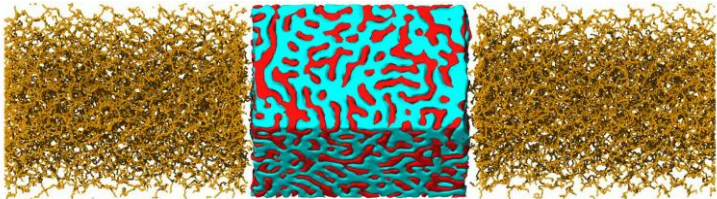
VAL-PEU



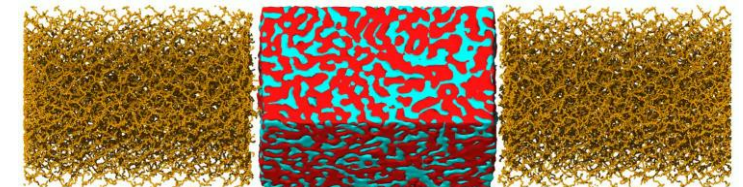
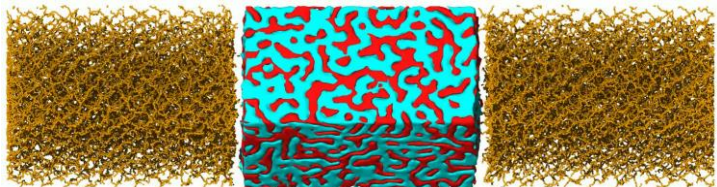
PHE-PEU



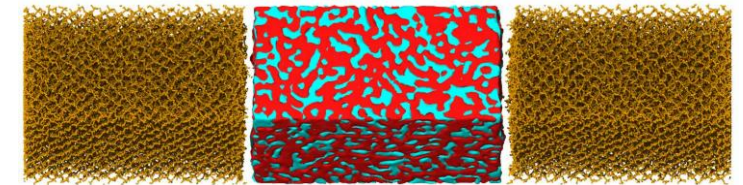
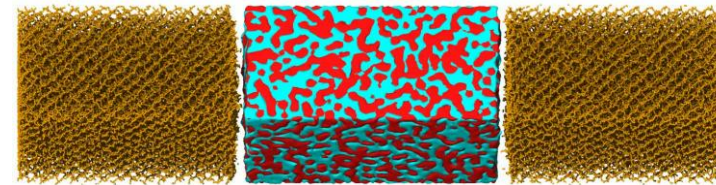
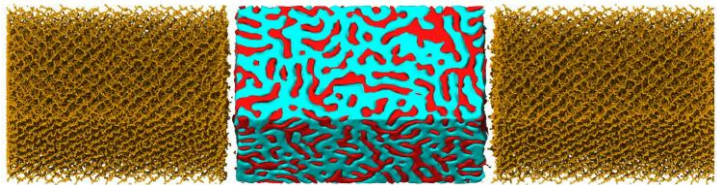
$N = 14$



$N = 10$



$N = 6$

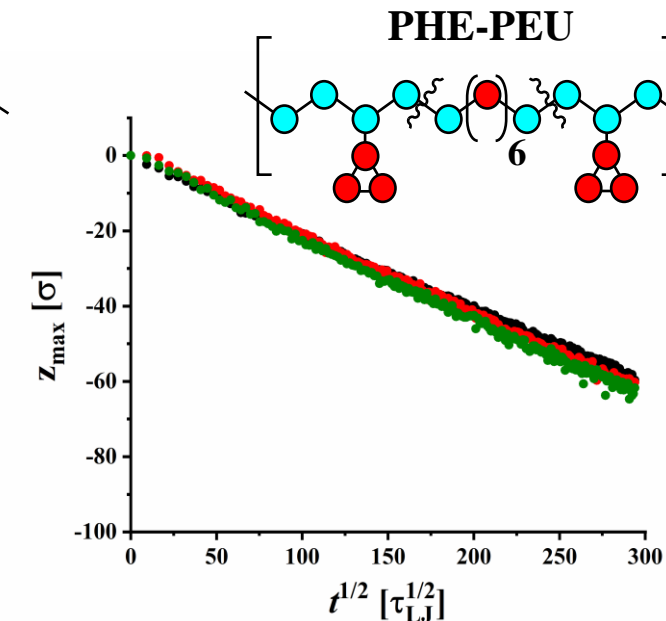
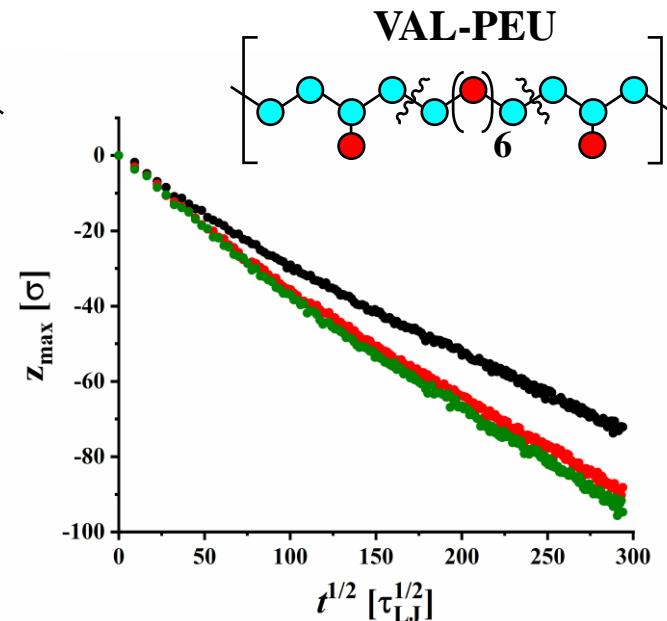
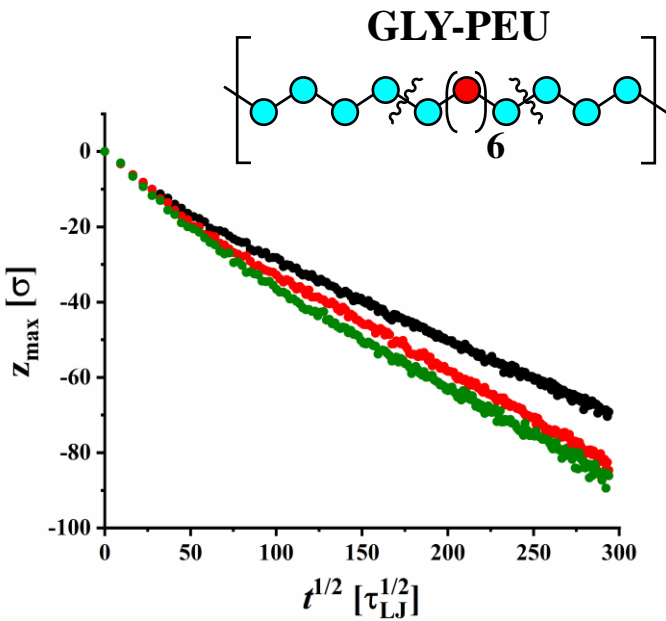


Surface Erosion

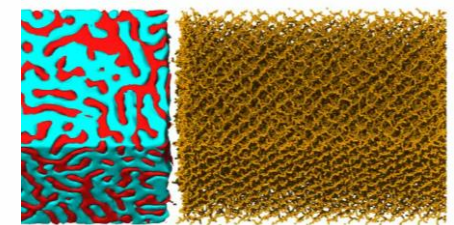


Bulk Erosion

Copolymer–Network Interface Dynamics

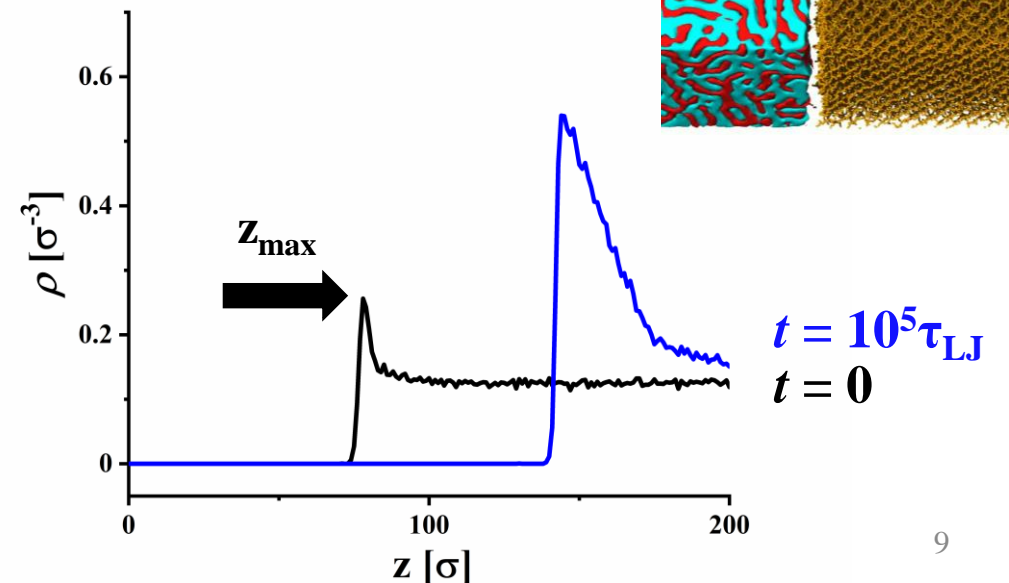


$N = 6$: ●
 $N = 10$: ●
 $N = 14$: ●



$z_{\max} < 0$ Network Compression

The degradation of the copolymer films is a result of interplay between solvent diffusion into the film accompanied by film swelling and degradation along with the diffusion of degradation products into the network.



Film Degradation Kinetics: Conversion and Dispersivity

$$p = \frac{N_{bb}}{N_{b0}}$$

N_{bb} : Number of broken bonds

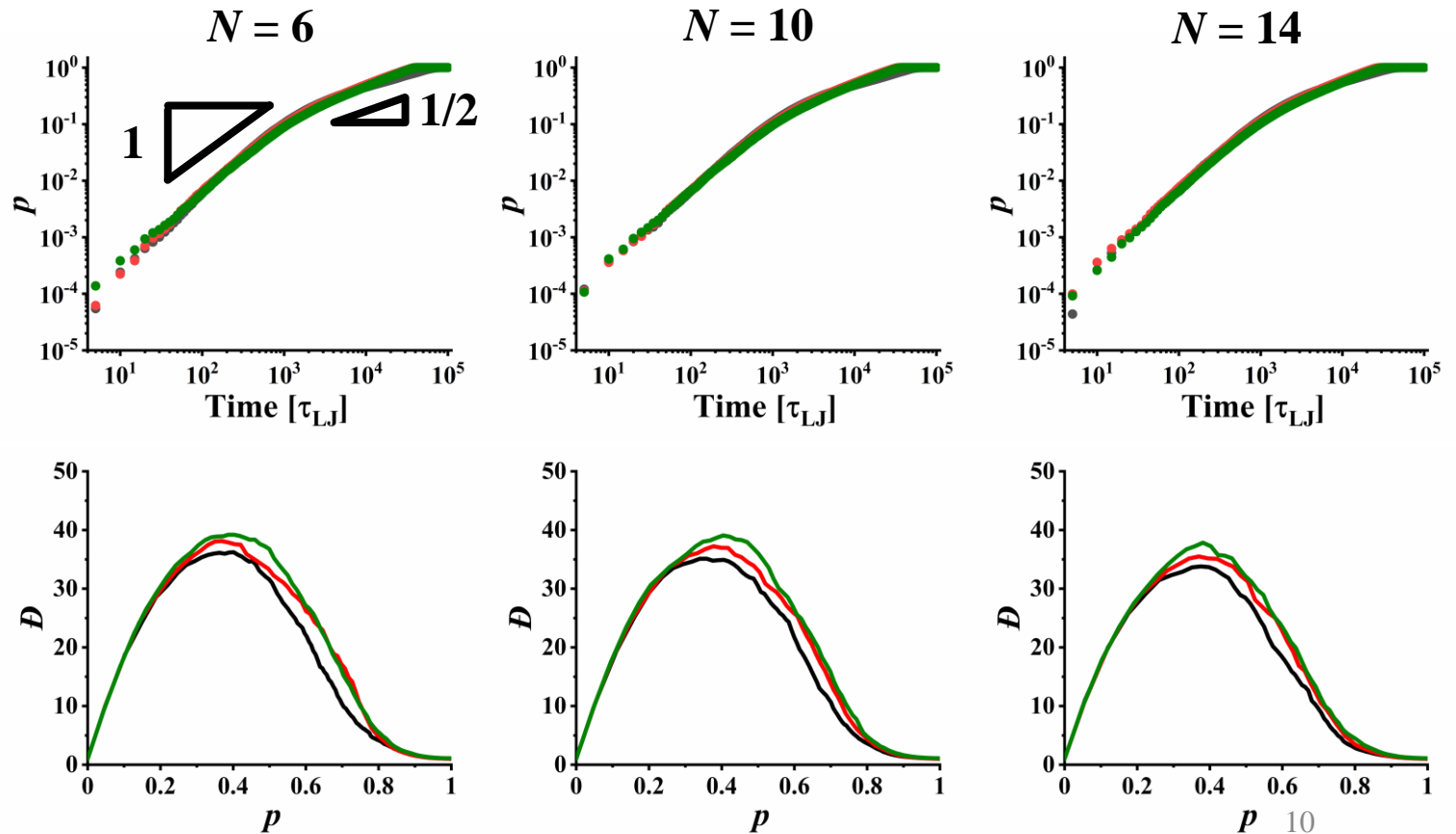
N_{b0} : Number of original bonds

3 characteristic time regimes:

- 1) Initial degradation and swelling: $p \sim t$
- 2) Weaker dependence: $p \sim t^{1/2}$
- 3) Saturation: $p = 1$ (complete)

The small variation in the values of dispersity is due to the differences in degradation products.

Film	$N = 6$	$N = 10$	$N = 14$
GLY-PEU	85,230 τ_{LJ}	77,750 τ_{LJ}	59,240 τ_{LJ}
VAL-PEU	46,010 τ_{LJ}	42,225 τ_{LJ}	33,370 τ_{LJ}
PHE-PEU	46,630 τ_{LJ}	42,730 τ_{LJ}	38,155 τ_{LJ}



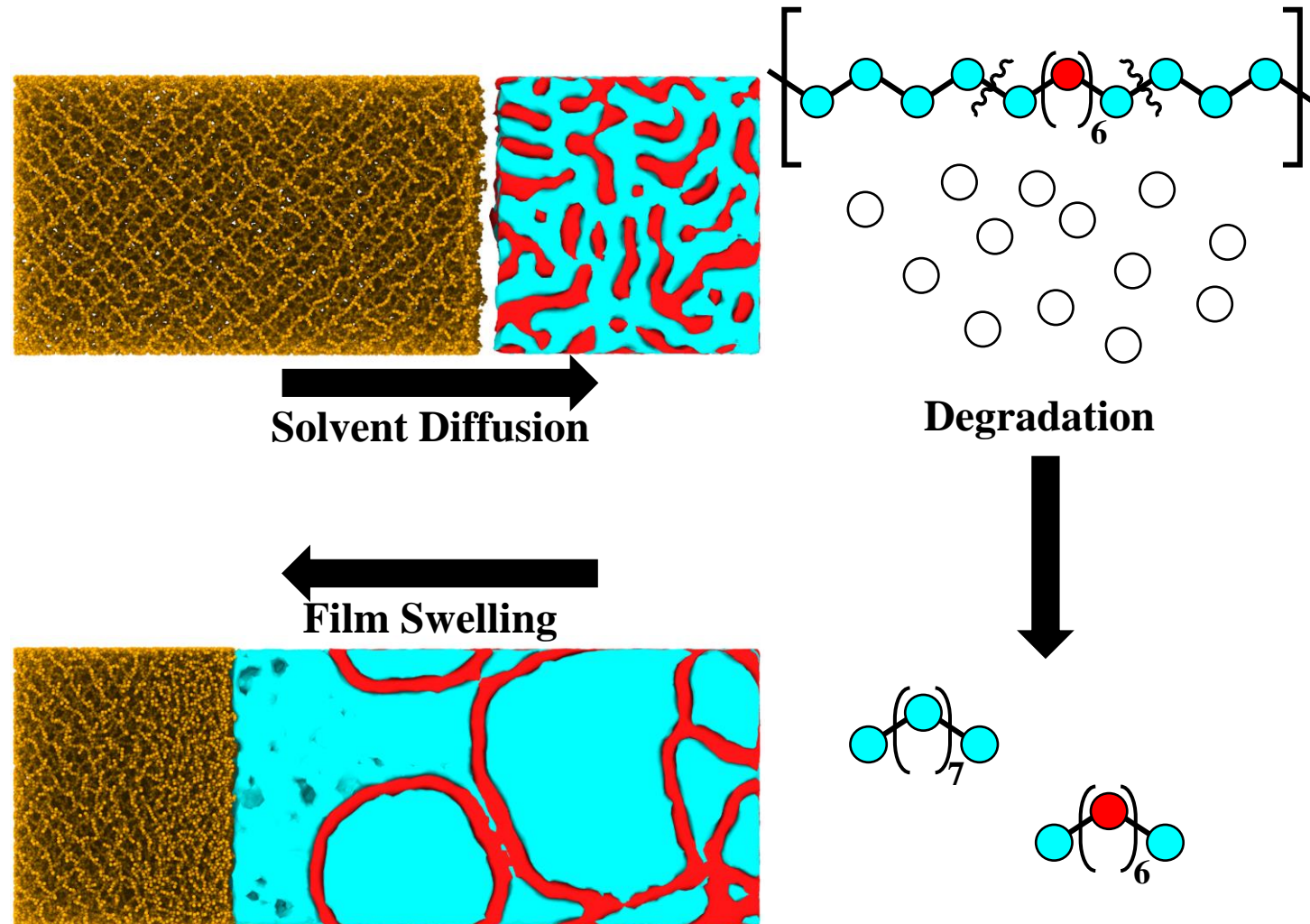
Summary

The network confinement slows the copolymer film degradation with decreasing degree of polymerization of network strands.

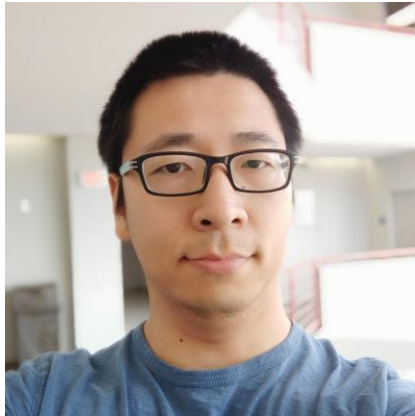
The network response to the copolymer film degradation is a result of interplay between the polymer degradation and solvent/polymer fragment exchange dynamics in the network.

The dispersity of the PEU films vs the bond-breaking conversion shows a universality that may be related to experimental measurements of degradation of polymers.

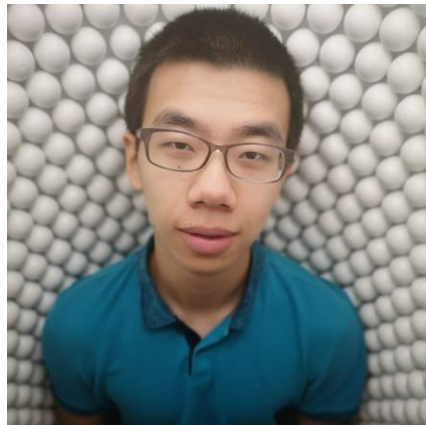
Sayko, R. et al, *Macromolecules* **2020**, 53, 4, 1270-1280.
Sayko, R. et al, *Macromolecules* **2020**, 53, 21, 9460-9469.



Acknowledgements



Dr. Zilu Wang



Dr. Heyi Liang



1000003964



Prof. Andrey Dobrynin



Prof. Matthew L. Becker

Thank you!

Questions?