



The University of Akron
College of Polymer Science
and Polymer Engineering

Surface and Interfacial Tension of Graft Polymer Melts

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In collaboration with:



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Heyi Liang



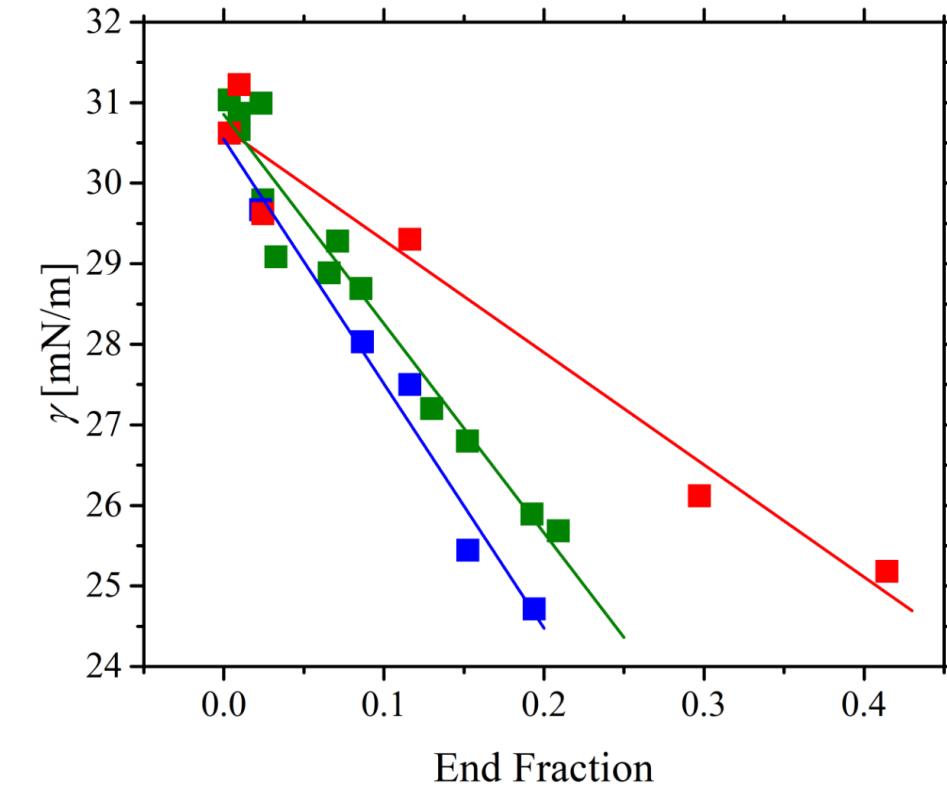
Prof. Andrey V. Dobrynin

Surface Tension of Polymer Melts

Dependence of surface properties on
physical chain architecture

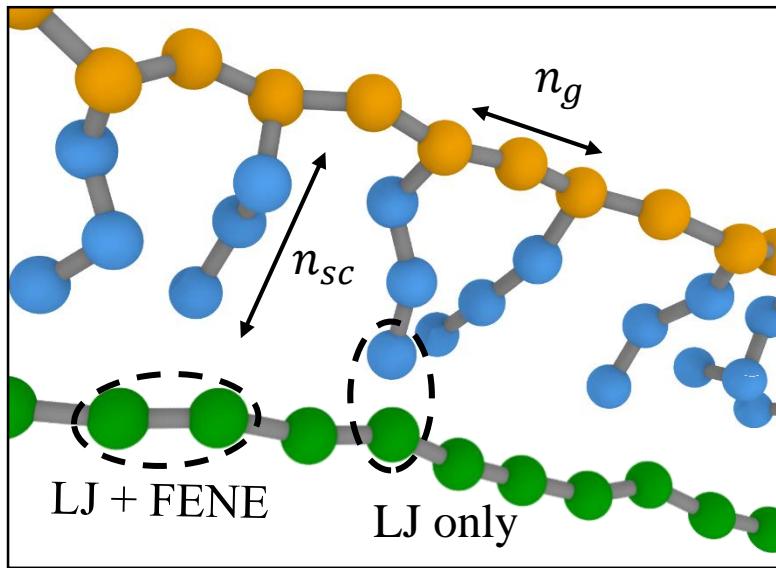
Motivation

- ❖ Coatings and Adhesives
 - ❖ $W = \gamma_{LV}(1 + \cos \theta)$
- ❖ Miscibility of blends



Dee, G.T. and B.B. Sauer. Journal of colloid and interface science, 1992. **152**(1).
Fleischer, C.A., et al. Macromolecules, 1993. **26**(16).
Sauer, B.B. and G.T. Dee. Macromolecules, 1991. **24**(8).

Molecular Dynamics Simulations



LJ Interaction Potential

$$U_{LJ} = \begin{cases} 4 \varepsilon_{LJ} \left[\left(\frac{\sigma}{r} \right)^{12} - \left(\frac{\sigma}{r} \right)^6 - \left(\frac{\sigma}{r_{cut}} \right)^{12} + \left(\frac{\sigma}{r_{cut}} \right)^6 \right], & r \leq r_{cut} \\ 0, & r > r_{cut} \end{cases}$$

FENE Bond Potential

$$U_{FENE} = -\frac{1}{2} k_{spring} R_{max}^2 \ln \left(1 - \frac{r^2}{R_{max}^2} \right)$$

ε_{LL}	$1.5 k_B T$
ε_{GG}	$1.0 k_B T$
ε_{GL}	$\sqrt{\varepsilon_{LL} \varepsilon_{GG}}$

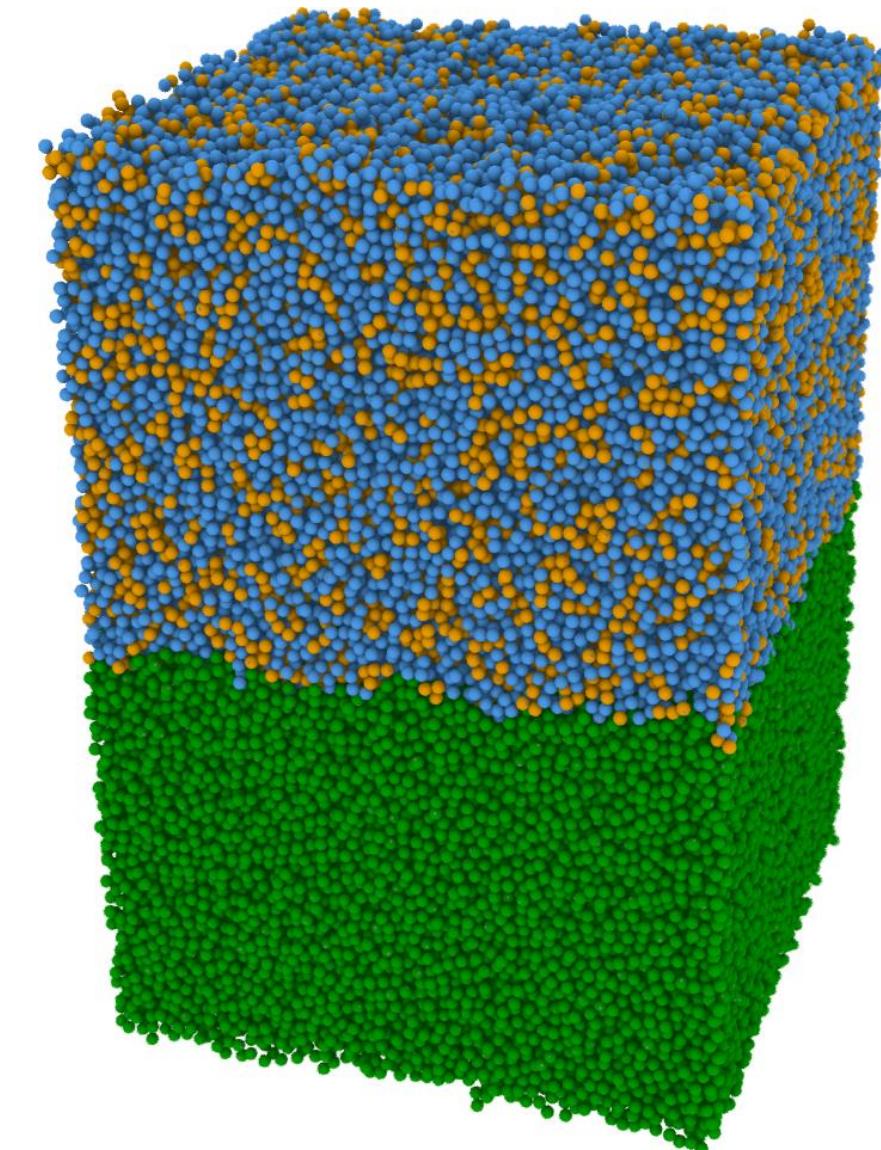
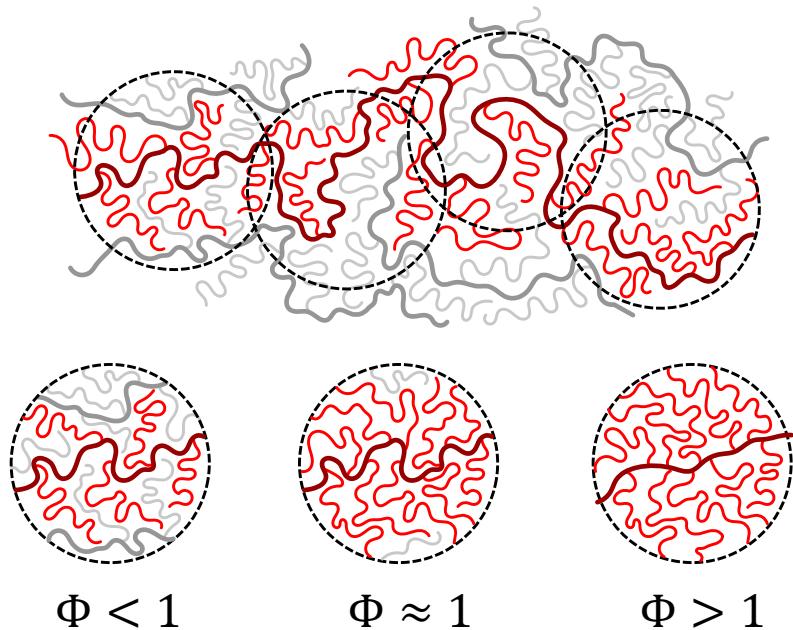
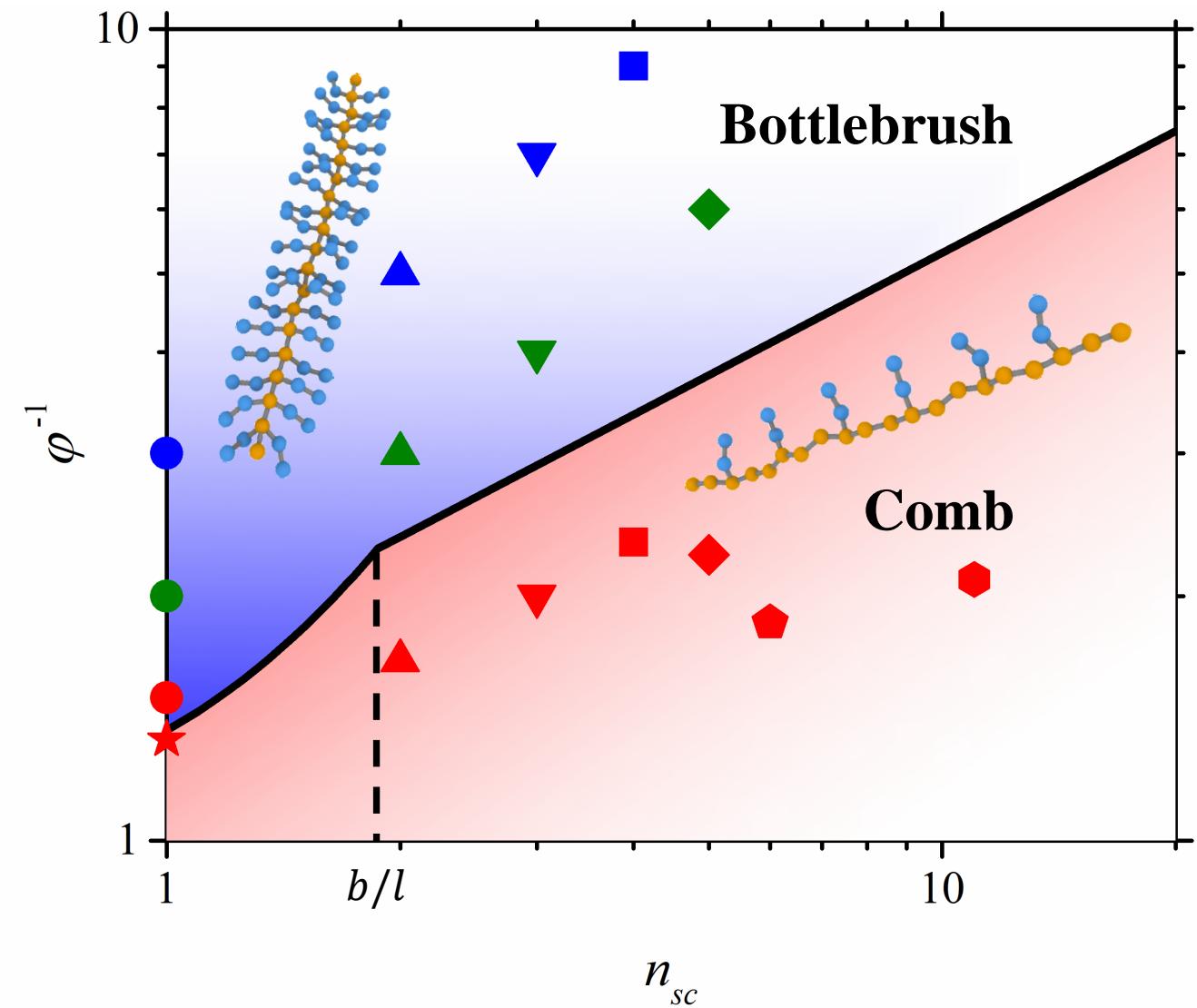


Diagram of States

$$\Phi \equiv \frac{\text{Volume of side chain monomers}}{\text{Pervaded volume of side chains}}$$

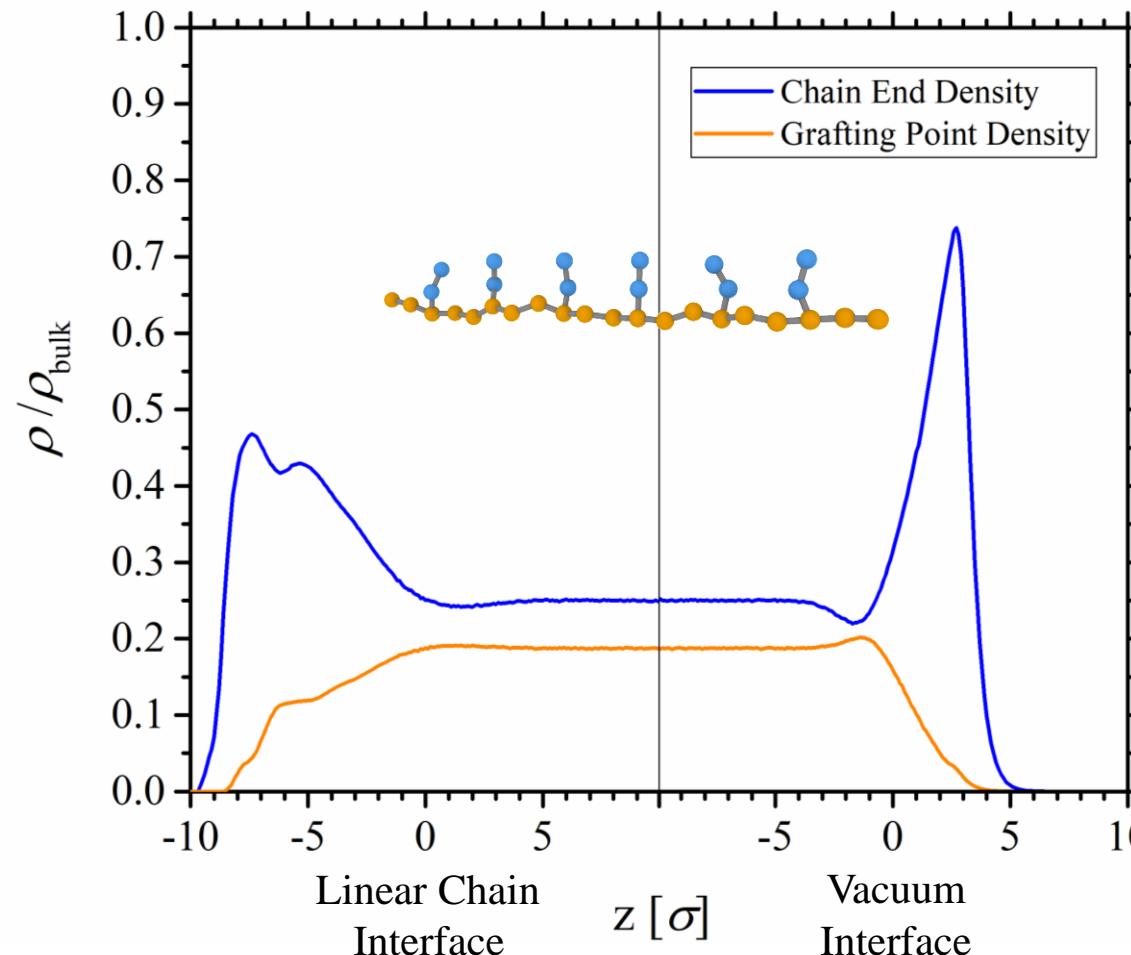


$$\Phi = \begin{cases} \frac{v(n_{sc}/n_g + 1)}{(lb)^{3/2} n_{sc}^{1/2}}, & n_{sc} \geq b/l \\ \frac{v(n_{sc}/n_g + 1)}{l^3 n_{sc}^2}, & n_{sc} < b/l \end{cases}$$

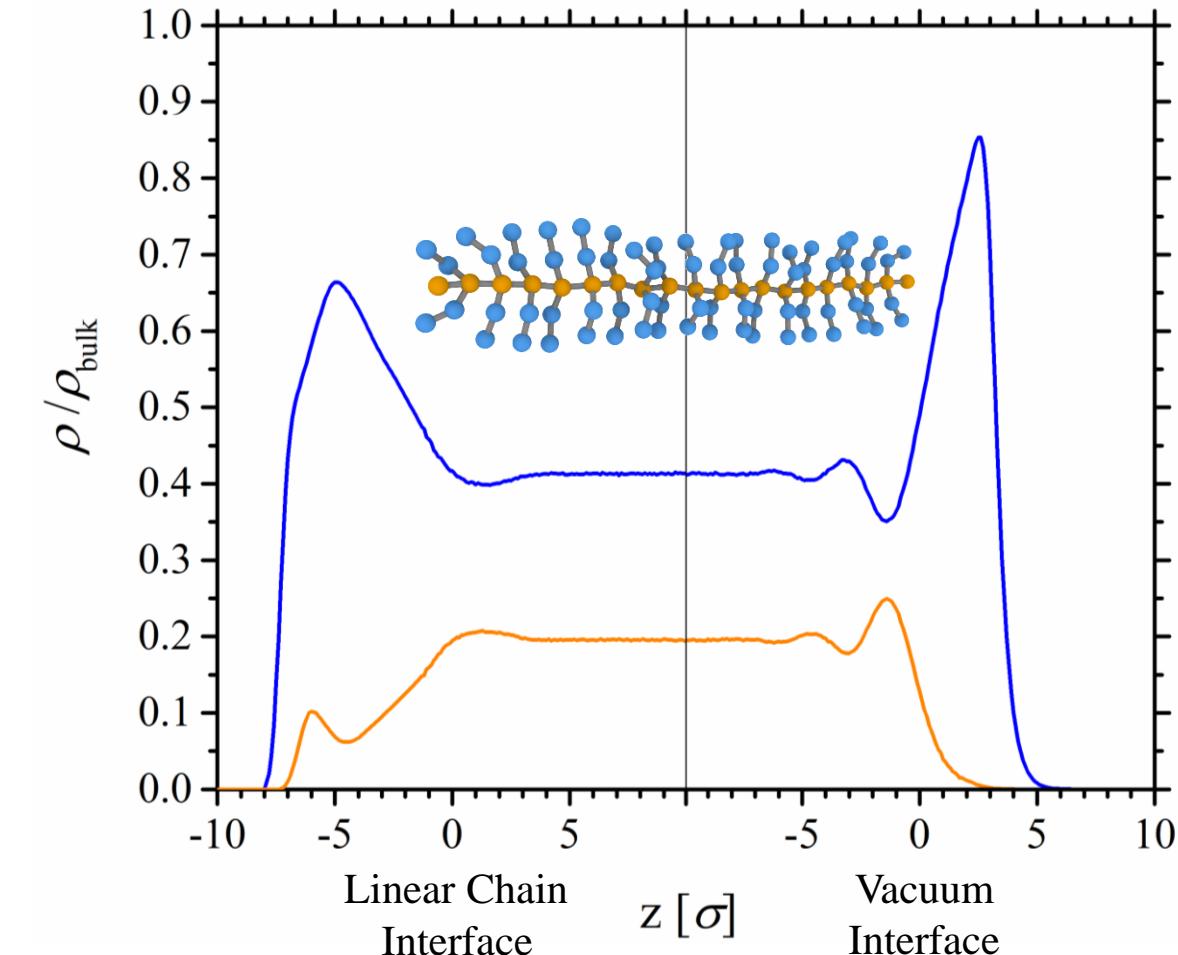


Density of Chain Ends and Grafting Points

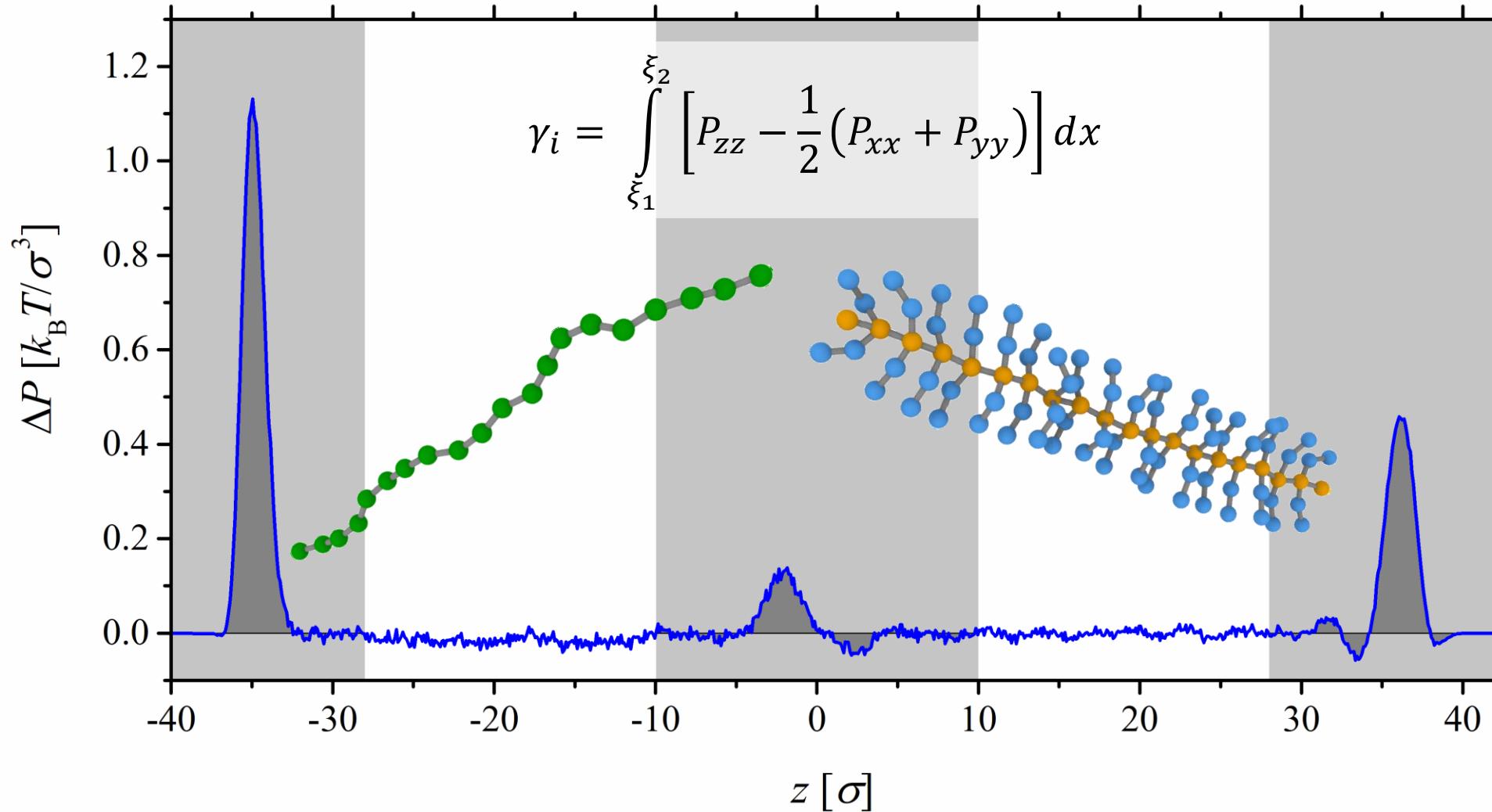
Comb



Bottlebrush

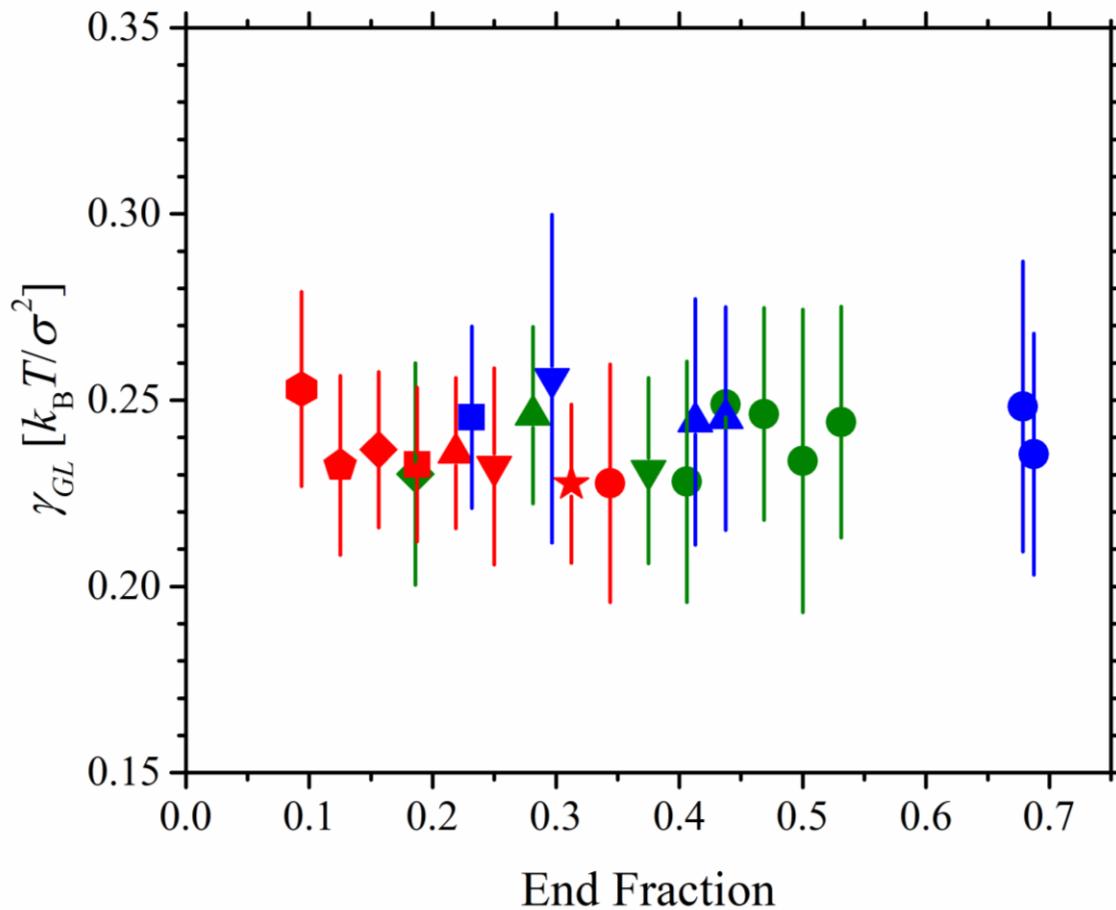


Surface Tension

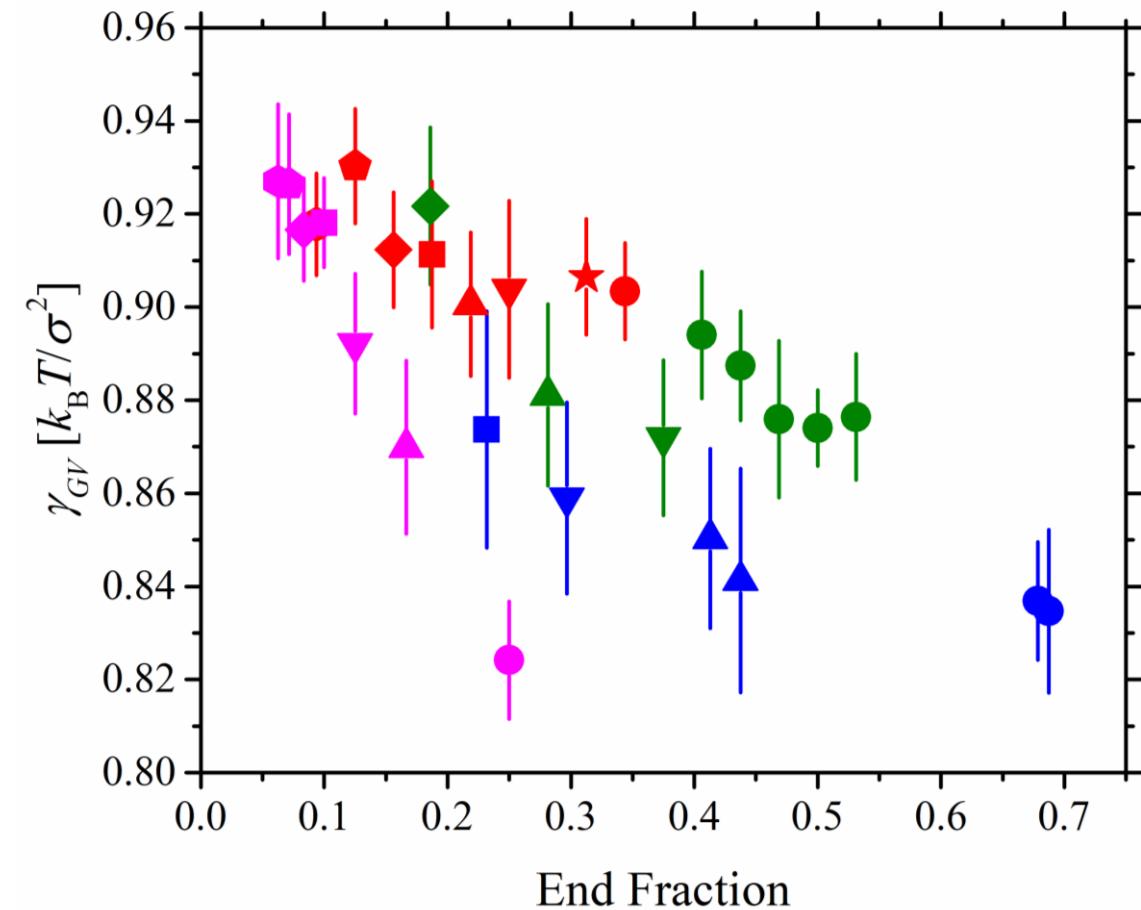


Surface Tension

Linear Chain Interface



Vacuum Interface



Surface Tension

Vacuum Interface

$$f_{be} = 2/N$$

$$f_{se} = \begin{cases} f_{gr} = \frac{n_{gr}}{N}, & n_g \geq 1 \\ 2f_{gr} = \frac{n_{gr}}{N}, & n_g = 0.5 \end{cases}$$

$$\gamma_{GV} = \gamma_\infty - \gamma_{be}f_{be} - \gamma_{se}f_{se} + \gamma_g f_{gr}$$

$$\gamma_{GV} = \gamma_\infty - \gamma_{be}f_{be} - \Delta\gamma f_{se}$$

Fitting:

$$\gamma_\infty = 0.96k_B T/\sigma^2$$

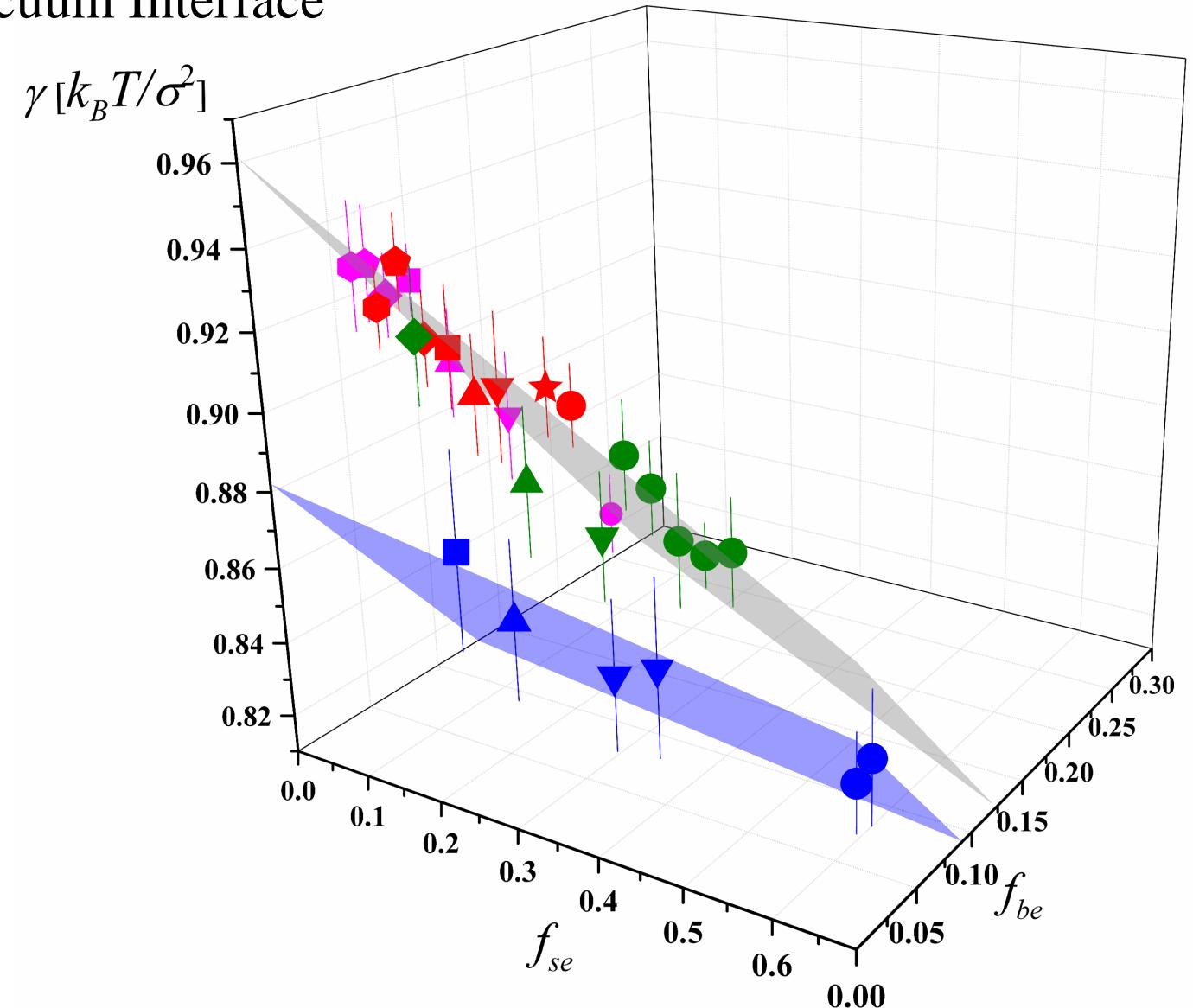
$$\gamma_{be} = 0.55k_B T/\sigma^2$$

$$\Delta\gamma = 0.12k_B T/\sigma^2$$

Fitting with $n_g = 0.5$,
 fixing $\gamma_{be} = 0.55k_B T/\sigma^2$:

$$\gamma_\infty = 0.88k_B T/\sigma^2$$

$$\Delta\gamma = 0.032k_B T/\sigma^2$$



Acknowledgements

Financial Support

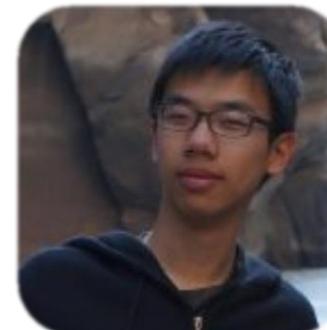
National Science Foundation



Collaborators



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