ODEs: Systems of Equations

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ODEs: Systems of Equations

Higher Order ODEs

Most differential equations we encounter are of 2nd order or higher.

$$y'' - \lambda^2 y = 0$$

- Our numerical algorithms only work on 1st order ODEs.
- We can convert a 2nd order ode into a 1st order ode by making the substitution

$$z = y'$$

so that we have the system

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} y'\\ z'\end{array}\right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} 0 & 1\\ \lambda^2 & 0\end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} y\\ z\end{array}\right)$$

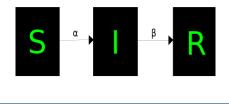
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 The ODE modelling such an event might be

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}S'\\I'\\R'\end{array}\right) = \left(\begin{array}{c}-\alpha\frac{SI}{S+I+R}\\\alpha\frac{SI}{S+I+R}-\beta I\\\beta I\end{array}\right)$$



• We can use the same numerical methods for systems of ODEs. Consider the following ODE:

$$\begin{pmatrix} y'_1 \\ y'_2 \\ \vdots \\ y'_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} f_1(y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n, t) \\ f_2(y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n, t) \\ \vdots \\ f_n(y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n, t) \end{pmatrix}$$

Forward Euler's method for this equation is

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1^{m+1} \\ y_2^{m+1} \\ \vdots \\ y_n^{m+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1^m + f_1(y_1^m, y_2^m, \dots, y_n^m, t_m) \\ y_2^m + f_2(y_1^m, y_2^m, \dots, y_n^m, t_m) \\ \vdots \\ y_n^m + f_n(y_1^m, y_2^m, \dots, y_n^m, t_m) \end{pmatrix}$$

• We just apply forward Euler to each ODE independently.