

Homework 15

$$1. \quad my'' + ke^{-\alpha t} y = 0$$

$$s = \frac{2}{\alpha} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} e^{-\alpha t/2}$$

---

$$1a) \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} \hookrightarrow \\ \hookrightarrow \end{array} \right] e^{-\alpha t/2} = \frac{\alpha}{2} \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}} s$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-\alpha t/2} = \frac{\alpha^2}{4} \frac{m}{k} s^2$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} = \frac{d}{ds} \frac{ds}{dt} = \underbrace{\left[ \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} e^{-\alpha t/2} \right]}_{\frac{ds}{dt}} \frac{d}{ds}$$

(but we know that  $\frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{\alpha^2}{4} \frac{m}{k} s^2$  )

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} = -\frac{\alpha}{2} s \frac{d}{ds}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{d}{dt} \right) = \left( -\frac{\alpha}{2} s \frac{d}{ds} \right) \left( -\frac{\alpha}{2} s \frac{d}{ds} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\alpha^2}{4} s \frac{d}{ds} \left( s \frac{d}{ds} \right)$$

(Chain rule)

$$= \frac{\alpha^2}{4} s \left( 1 \cdot \frac{d}{ds} + s \frac{d^2}{ds^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} = \frac{\alpha^2}{4} s \frac{d}{ds} + \frac{\alpha^2}{4} s^2 \frac{d^2}{ds^2}$$

1b Ployying in:

$$m \frac{d^2}{dt^2} (s^2 y''(s) + s y'(s)) + k \left( \frac{d^2}{dt^2} \frac{m}{k} s^2 \right) y = 0$$

(dividing through)

$$\Rightarrow s^2 y''(s) + s y'(s) + (s^2 - \alpha^2) y = 0$$

$$t_c \Rightarrow v = 0$$

$$1d \Rightarrow y(s) = C_1 J_0(s) + C_2 Y_0(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = C_1 J_0 \left( \frac{2}{\alpha} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} e^{-\frac{\alpha t}{2}} \right) + C_2 Y_0 \left( \frac{2}{\alpha} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} e^{-\frac{\alpha t}{2}} \right)$$

2 a) using the defn. on page 189

$$\theta(t): 1$$

$$\theta(t'): 0$$

$$\theta(t^2): \frac{-t^2}{4}$$

$$\theta(t^3): 0$$

$$\theta(t^4): \frac{t^4}{64}$$

where  $t = 2\omega\sqrt{\frac{x}{g}}$

$$\Rightarrow J_0\left(2\omega\sqrt{\frac{x}{g}}\right) = 1 - \frac{\omega^2 x}{g} + \frac{\omega^4}{4g^2} x^2$$

Using Quadratic formula

$$\text{where } a = \frac{w^4}{4g^2}, b = -\frac{w^2}{g}$$

$$\text{and } c = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow x_{1,2} = \frac{2g}{w^2}$$

---

2c) since  $w$  is the rate,  
and  $x_{1,2}$  is  $O\left(\frac{1}{w^2}\right)$ , it  
I double  $w$  then the  
root will change by a factor  
of  $\frac{1}{4}$   $\left(\frac{1}{w^2} = \frac{1}{(2)^2} = \frac{1}{4}\right)$

